

# We will be starting soon!

*Thanks for joining us*



# Whole House Assessment: The Home Energy Audit Explained



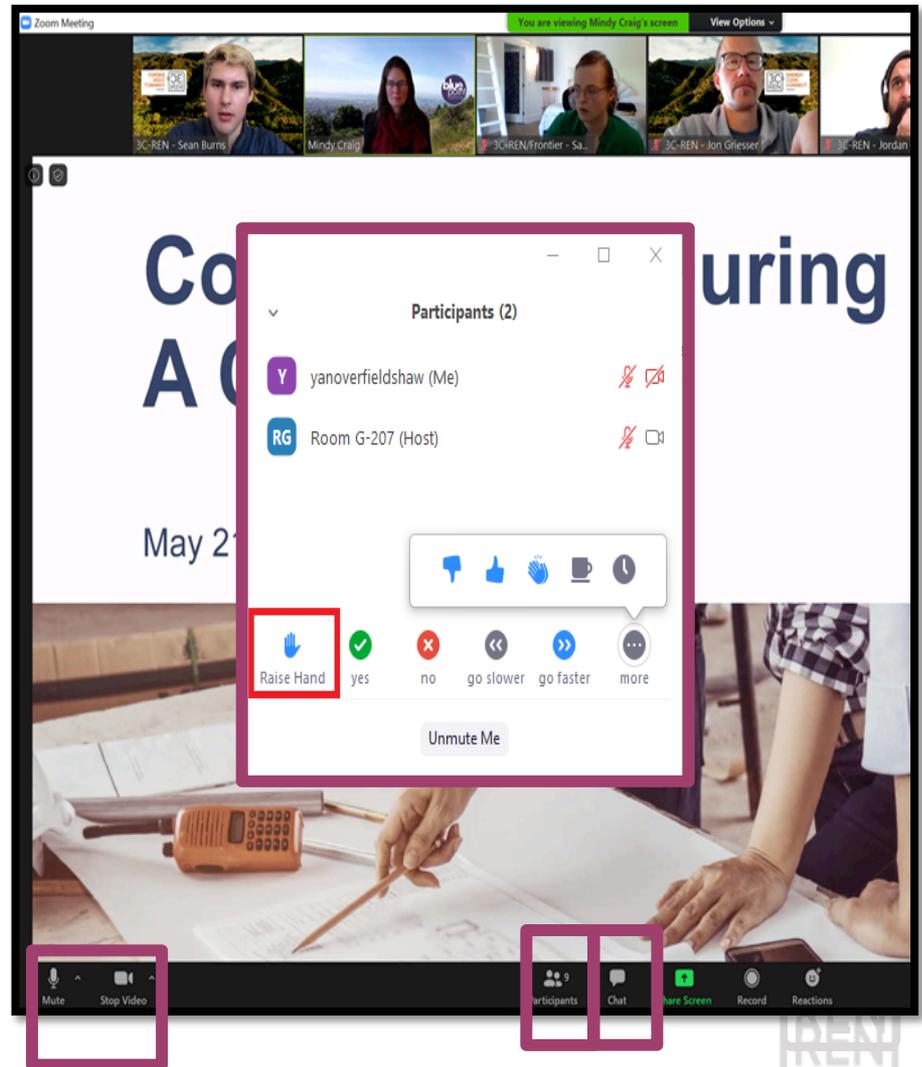
*Judy Rachel – Home Performance Pro*

**July 26, 2022**



# Zoom Orientation

- Please be sure your full name is displayed
- Please **mute** upon joining
- Use "**Chat**" box to share questions or comments
- Under "**Participant**" select "**Raise Hand**" to share a question or comment verbally
- The session may be **recorded** and posted to 3C-REN's on-demand page. Feel free to ask questions via the chat and keep video off if you want to remain anonymous in the recording.



# 3C-REN: Tri-County Regional Energy Network

- Three counties working together to improve energy efficiency in the region
- Services for –
  - **Building Professionals:** industry events, training, and energy code compliance support
  - **Households:** free and discounted home upgrades
- Funded by ratepayer dollars that 3C-REN returns to the region





ENERGY  
CODE  
CONNECT

---



BUILDING  
PERFORMANCE  
TRAINING

---



HOME  
ENERGY  
SAVINGS

---



# 3C-REN Staff Online

Need help or have  
questions about 3C-  
REN?

Send us a message!



# More Information

- **1.5 AIA LU's Available**
  - Contact [spburns@countyofsb.org](mailto:spburns@countyofsb.org) for any questions regarding LUs
- **Coming to Your Inbox Soon!**
  - Slides, Recording, & Survey – Please Take It and Help Us Out!
- **Upcoming Courses**
  - 8/9 - [Stay Cool This Summer with Higher-Performing Air Conditioning: Local residents share their experiences with heat pumps for space heating and cooling](#)
  - 8/16 – [How to Market Yourself as a High-Performance Professional](#)
  - 8/23 - [Duct Leakage Testing: Basics & Beyond](#)





**Thank you!**

For more info:  
[3c-ren.org](http://3c-ren.org)

For questions:  
[info@3c-ren.org](mailto:info@3c-ren.org)

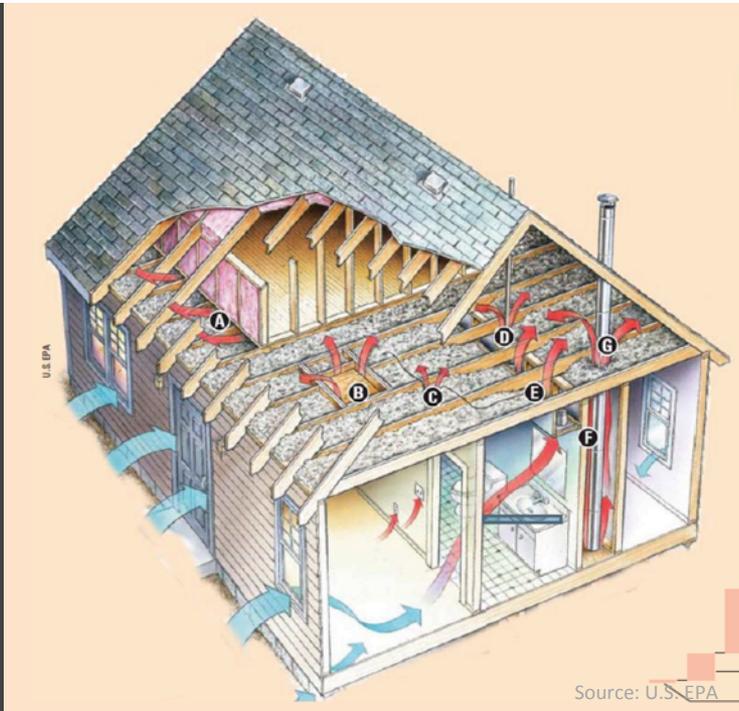


TRI-COUNTY REGIONAL ENERGY NETWORK  
SAN LUIS OBISPO • SANTA BARBARA • VENTURA



# Elements of a Whole House Assessment

## The Energy Audit Explained



- Pressure flows from HIGH to LOW
- Heat flows from WARM to COLD
- Moisture flows from MORE to LESS
- Energy In = Energy Out
- 1 CFM In = 1 CFM Out

## The “Energy” in Home Energy Audit

2<sup>nd</sup> Law of Thermodynamics

Energy flows naturally from high to low concentrations

# Purpose of a Home Energy Audit

- To assess the energy flows and how those flows are impacting building durability, indoor air quality, occupant safety, health and thermal comfort.
- To learn the homeowner's wants, needs, motivations and expectations for their home.
- To determine how the house is currently functioning through a combination of visual inspection and diagnostic testing.
- Provides the information necessary to offer substantive solutions through a comprehensive scope of work.
- Establishment of a trust relationship between the parties.

# The “Whole House” Inspection

There are many tests and inspections to perform.

Do the tests that fit the situation.

1. Pre-Arrival Tasks
2. Occupant Interview
3. Visual Site Inspection
4. Ventilation, Moisture & IAQ
5. Enclosure Tightness & Blower Door Testing
6. Insulation Performance
7. Space Heating Equipment
8. Space Cooling Equipment
9. Air Flow and Ducts
10. Diagnostic Tests
11. Combustion Appliance Safety Testing
12. Appliances and Water Heating
13. Lighting

# The Process

## Test-In

- Often called an “Energy Audit”
- Scientific measurements of current home’s performance

## Report

- Findings and recommendations
- Provides a road map for retrofitting the home

## Plan

- Decide on the improvements which address the issues and fit the budget
- **Every project is a unique job – one size does not fit all**

## Execute

- Do the work
- Quality is critical to success

## Test-Out

- Test again to verify the results
- Provides feedback

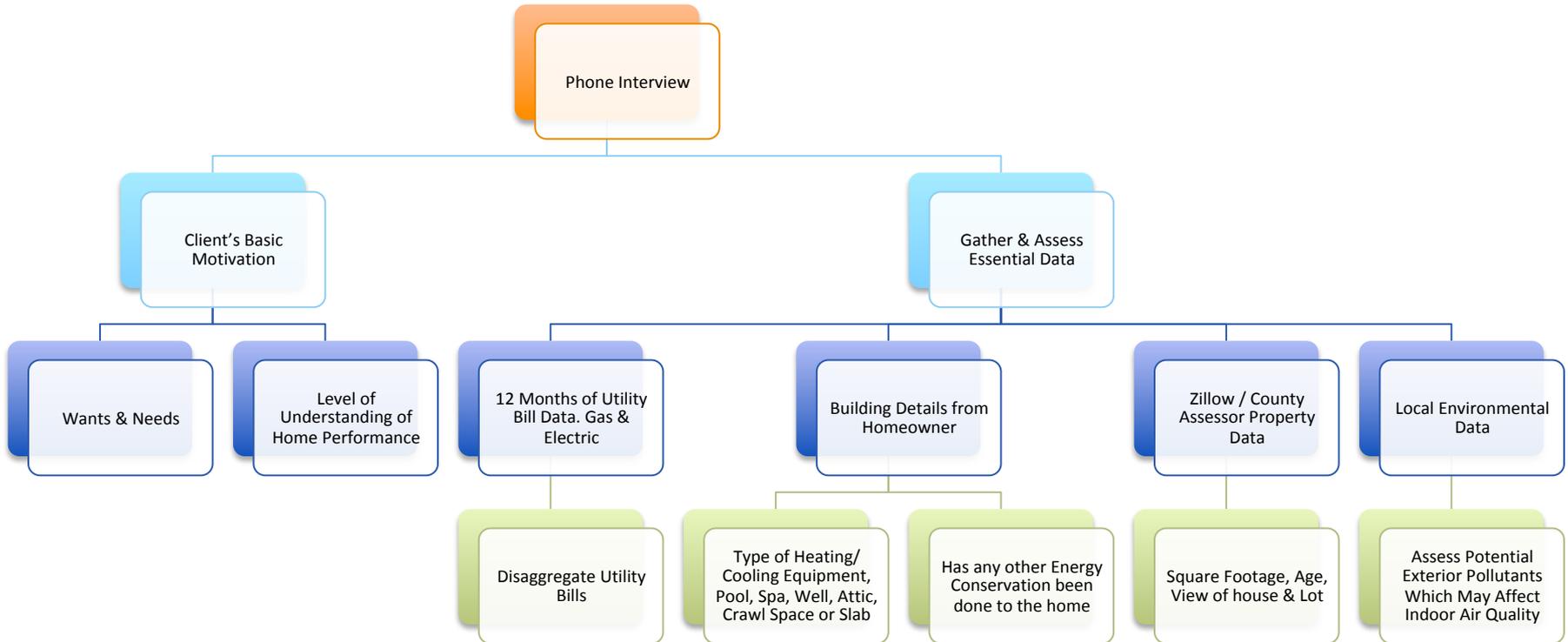


# The Energy Audit

## “Test – Don’t Guess”

- Testing helps us to:
  - Direct our efforts
  - Direct our time
  - Direct your client’s money
- Provides a baseline against which to measure results

# Pre-Visit Preparation



# Utility Bills

- Useful tool for gauging a building's energy efficiency
- Contain an array of useful information such as energy consumption and rate information
- A scorecard measuring energy savings from Home Performance upgrades

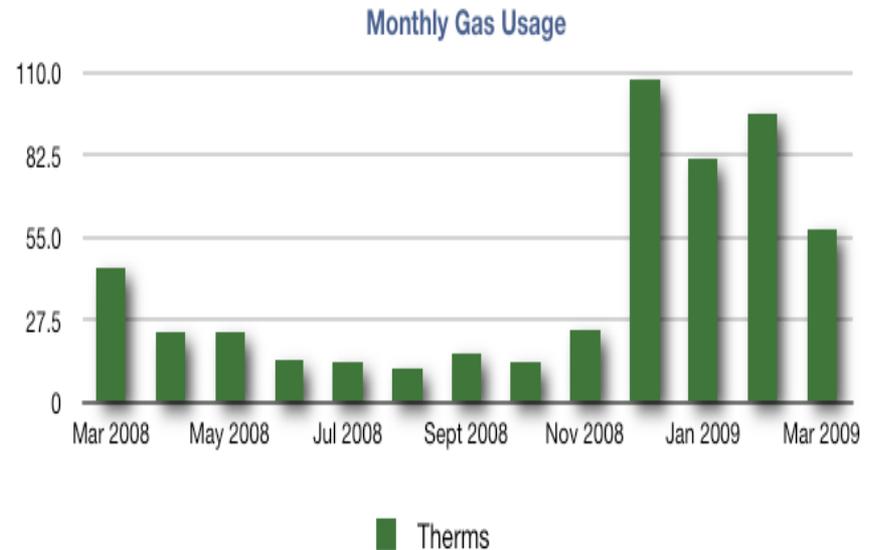
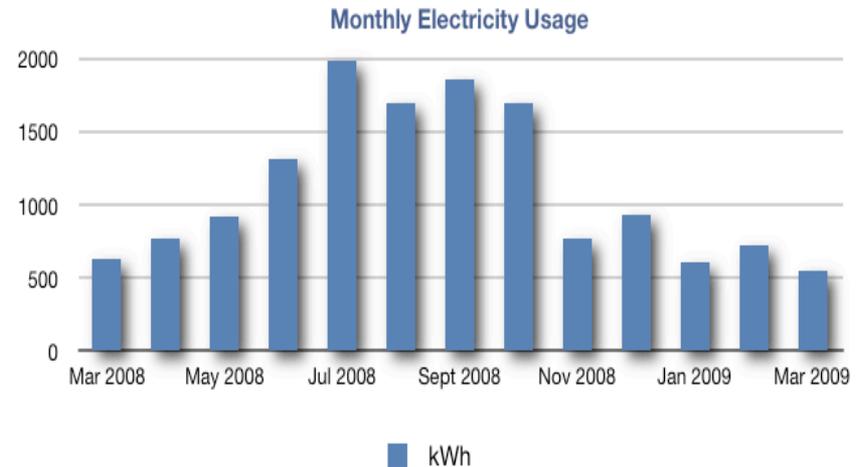


# Purpose of a Utility Bill Disaggregation

To estimate baseload and calculate seasonal loads.

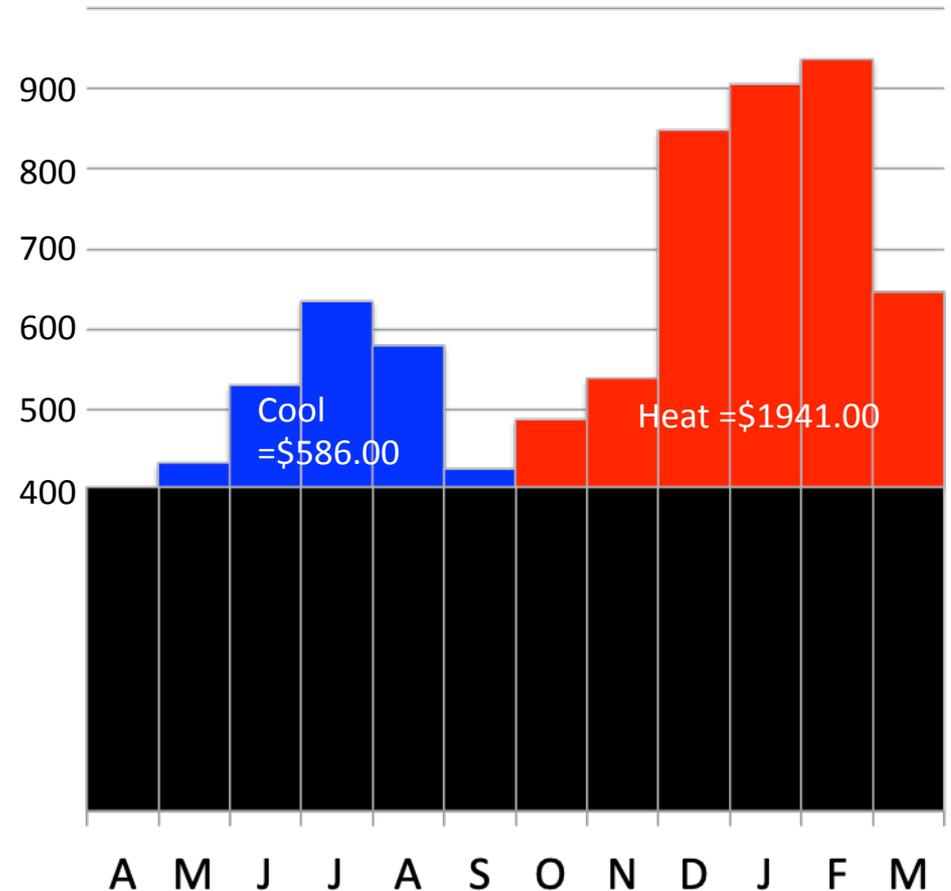
Seasonal Heating / Cooling Loads can comprise ~ 40 to 50% of a home's energy consumption.

Baseload – Lighting, Appliances, Hot Water, etc.



# Utility Bill Disaggregation

Jan	03	\$905.55
Dec	02	\$848.28
Nov	02	\$539.35
Oct	02	\$487.77
Sept	02	\$426.22
Aug	02	\$579.94
July	02	\$634.93
June	02	\$530.67
May	02	\$433.85
April	02	\$403.88
March	02	\$646.66
Feb	02	\$936.72
Total		\$7374.00



# Energy Consumption in Dollars

Base Load                    \$404.00 per month

Annual Base Load            \$4,847.00

Annual Cooling Load        \$586.00

Annual Heating Load        \$1,941.00

Annual Total                    \$7,374.00

Conditioned Floor Area        6,000 sq.ft.

Total Heating & Cooling      \$2,527.00

Space Conditioning Cost      \$ 0.42/sq.ft.

(2004 dollars and utility rates)

# Comparing Dis-aggregation of Redding Showcase Homes

	<b>\$100 K Geothermal Heat pump</b>	<b>\$15K Conventional Heating/Cooling</b>
Conditioned Floor Area	6,000 sq.ft.	3,500 sq.ft.
Total Heating & Cooling	\$2,527.00	\$317.00
Space Conditioning Cost	\$ 0.42/sq.ft.	\$.09/sq.ft.

Un-retrofitted existing homes typically range from .25/sq.ft. to \$2.50/sq.ft. for heating and cooling.

# Environmental and Regional Considerations

- Soil types and soil gases
- Industrial pollution of air, soil and water
- Wildland Urban Interface
- Elevation of the home
- Wind factors
- Annual temperatures
- Annual precipitation



# The Evaluation of the House Begins as You Drive Up to the House

- Upgrades?
- Additions?
- Roof Condition?
- Rain Gutters?
- Site Drainage?
- Vent Terminations?
- Overall Neighborhood?



# Occupant Interview

## *Ask About...*

- The number of occupants and percentage of occupancy
- Ventilation: Are windows opened? Are bath fans used?
- Health concerns, allergies or IAQ complaints
- Thermostat wars
- Seasonal issues: crawl space flooding, mold, odors
- The more information you gather, the better . . .

# Explain what you will be doing

- Explain the tests you will be performing
- Explain the time required for testing
- Encourage customer participation





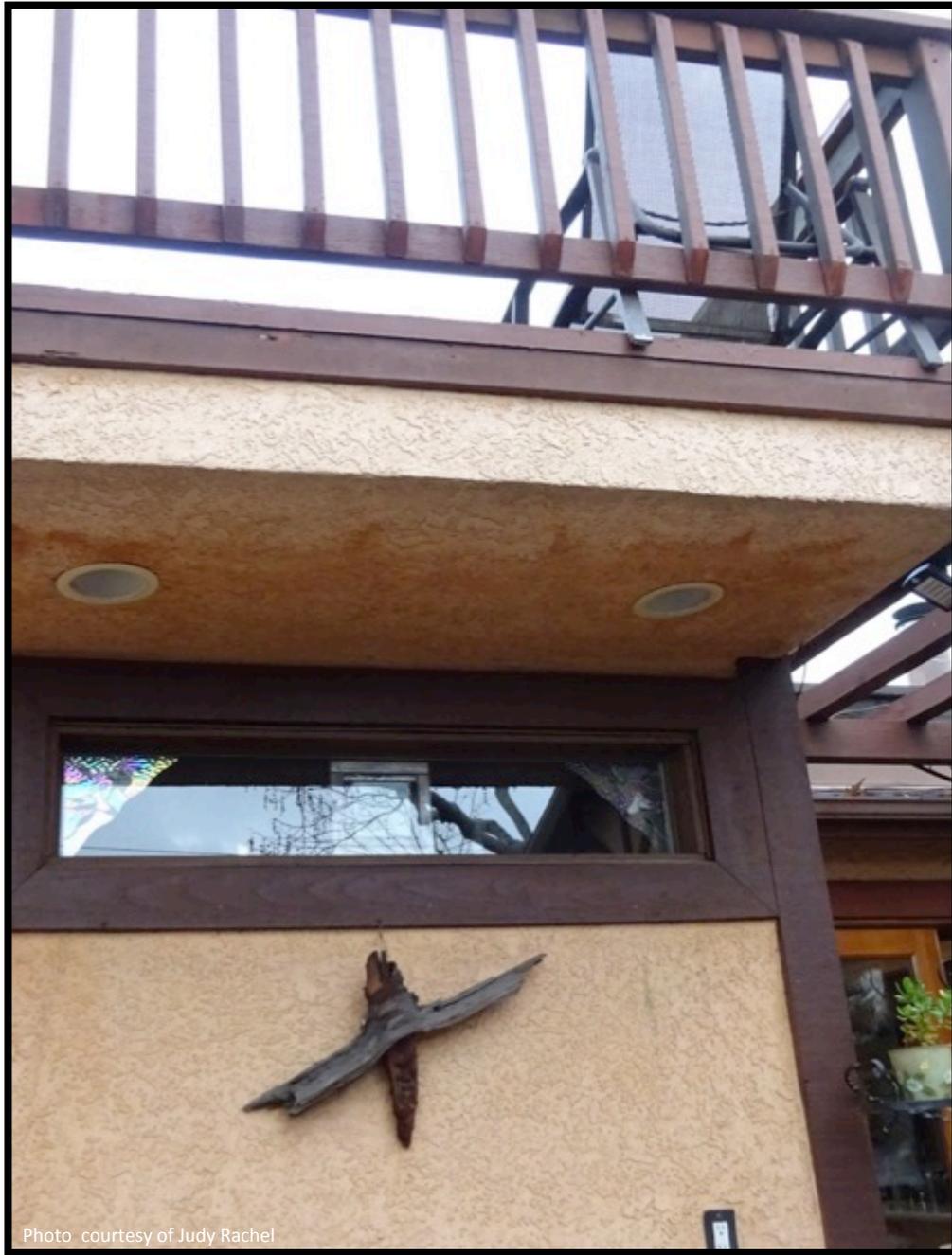


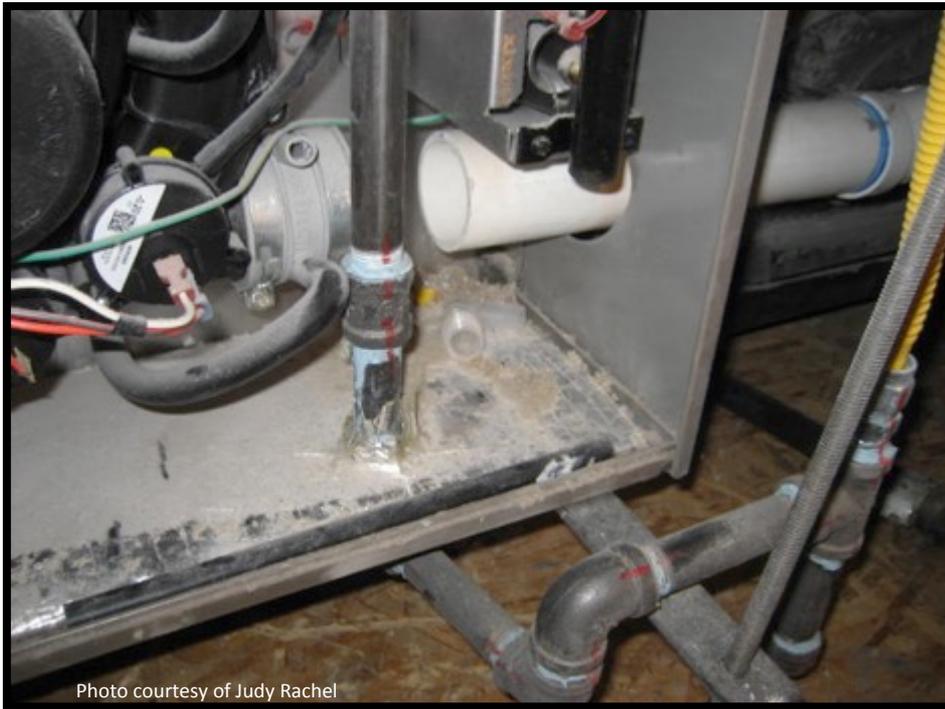
Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Exterior Inspection

- Moisture
- Landscaping
- Solar orientation
- Siding penetrations/cracks
- Roof, flashings, penetrations
- Rain gutters & downspouts
- Windows & doors
- Deferred maintenance
- Unusual conditions

# The More Information You Have, the Better

## Take Lots of Pictures



# Wind – A primary driving force for air infiltration

**H is Height of Obstruction**

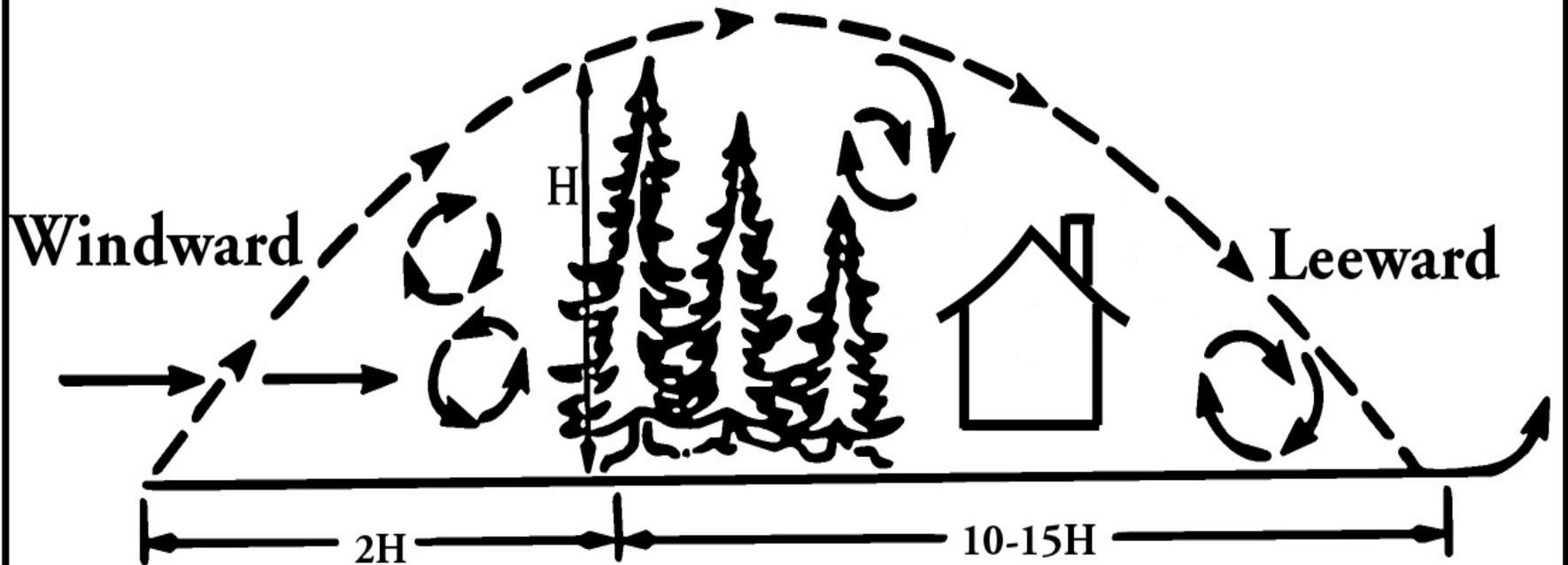


Image courtesy of CBPCA

# Trees and Plants

Foliage – Can help buffer a building from extremes, help control surface water, but can harm a home if too close.



# How Water Enters a Building

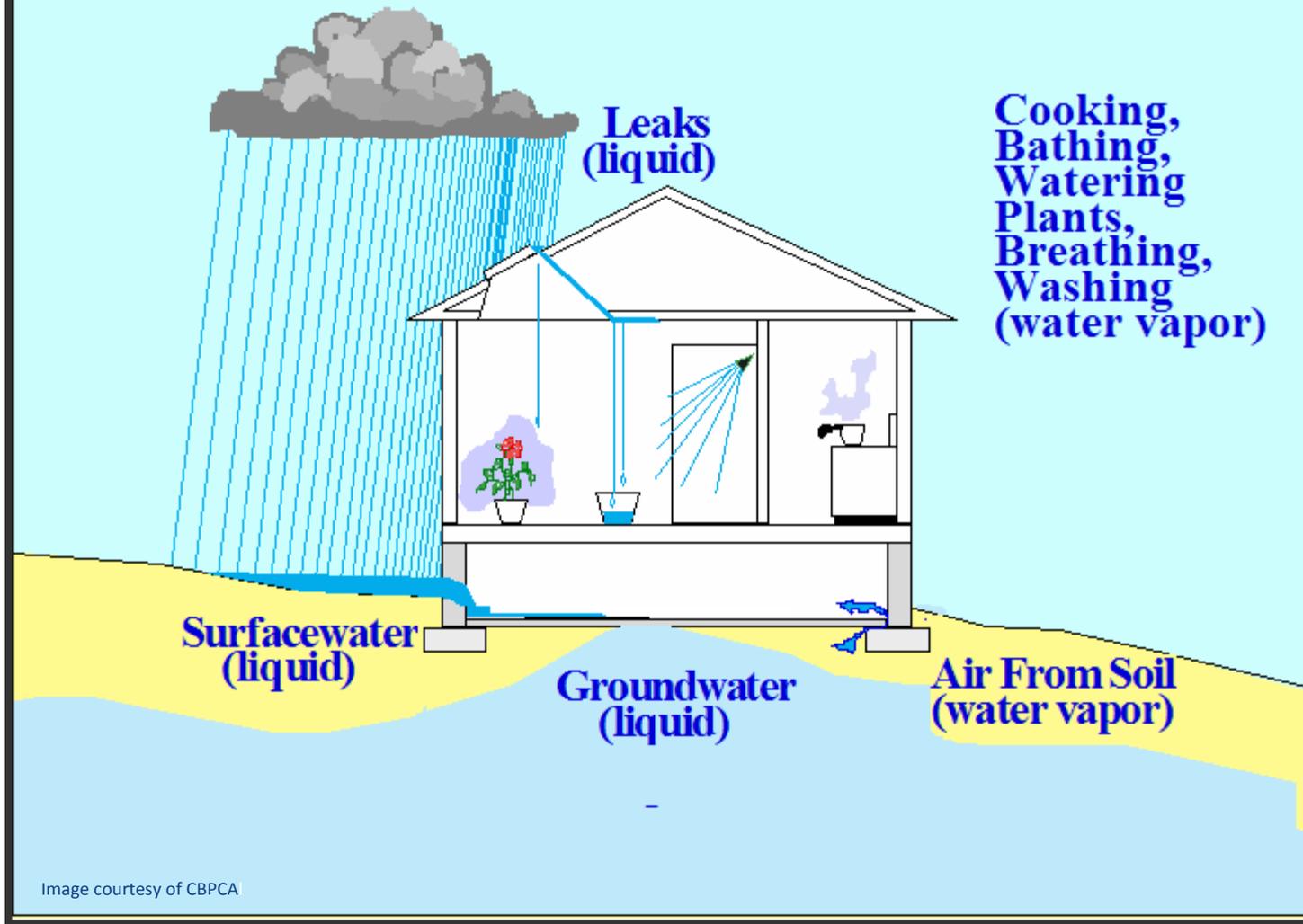


Image courtesy of CBPCA

# Bulk Moisture – Water

Water in and around homes needs to be controlled

1. Identify the Source – Where is the moisture coming from?
2. Determine the Pathway – How is it getting in?
3. How is it being Transported?



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

1 inch of rainfall  
equals 1,250  
gallons of roof  
runoff for a 2,000  
square foot  
house

# Moisture



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



# Plants Need To Be Watered Not Houses



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



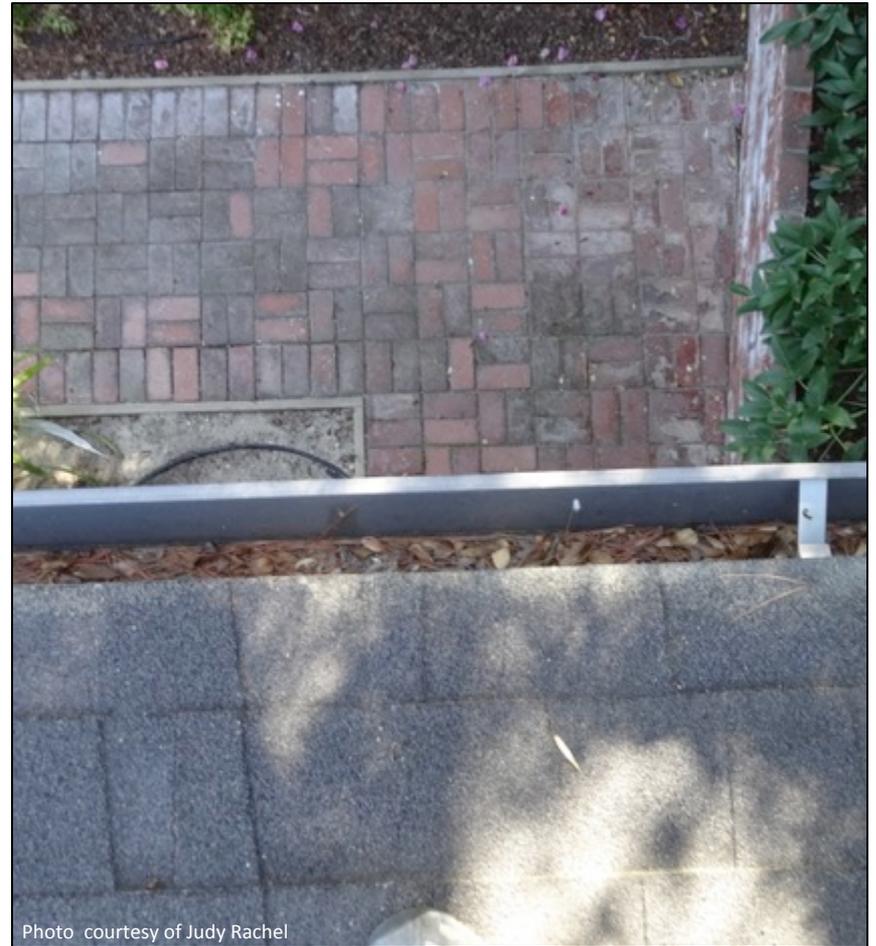
Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Direct water away from/out of the house



Image courtesy of CBPCA

# Deferred Maintenance





# Interior Inspection

Moisture  
Indoor Air Quality  
Air Leakage Paths  
Health & Safety  
Pressure Imbalances  
Supplies & Returns  
Ventilation  
Baseload Appliances



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Moisture

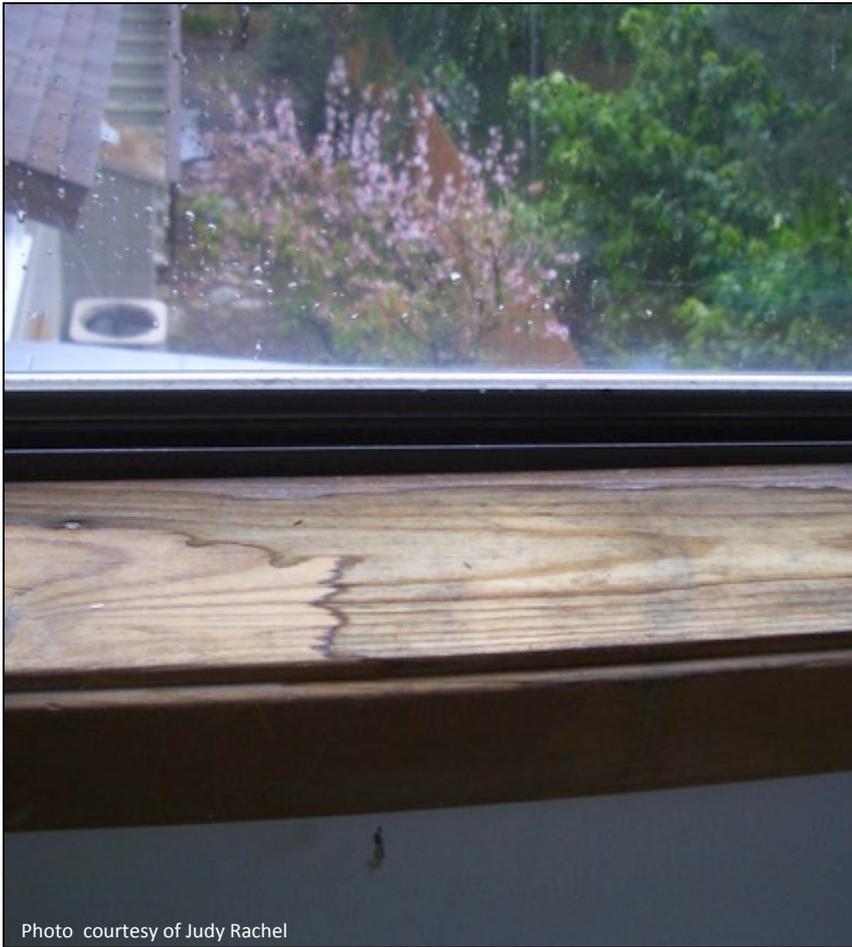


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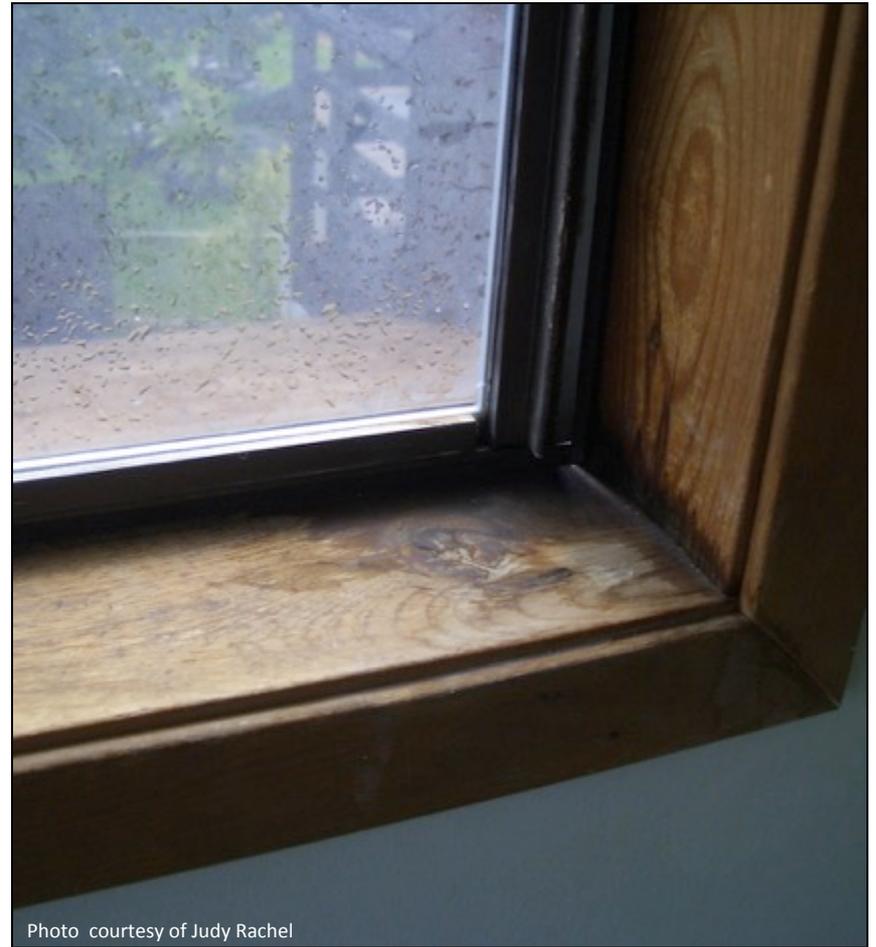


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Indoor Air Quality

## Mold



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

## IAQ / Air Leakage Path



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel


**HYDROX**  
 \$195 DISCOUNT Special Offer For NEW Termite Treatments

**eHow**  
 Discover the expert in you.

### Danger of Termidor to Humans

By Kim Corbett, eHow Contributor

If the thought of an army of termites invading your home makes you squirm, the sight of crawling across your floors will probably send you rushing to the phone to contact an exterminator. When you do find a pest control specialist, there's a good chance that she will treat your home with Termidor. Termidor can be applied using a sprayer or by pouring it in a trench dug around your home's foundation.

**How Termidor Works**

Termidor is used to control subterranean termites. It's also approved for use against certain other insects. Termidor can only be used by licensed exterminators.

Insects that ingest Termidor will die, and they will transfer it to every other insect they come into contact with. The insects will be completely gone in about three weeks. There's another way that Termidor can be used in your home, it forms a barrier that keeps termites from entering your home.

**Signs and Symptoms of Termites**

While Termidor kills termites and other insects, a chemical that can have a number of ways to come in contact with you. You may breathe it in, you may touch it, you may rub your eyes after contact. How it affects you depends on how you are exposed to it.

You may experience skin irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache, stomach pain, and dizziness. If you are only briefly exposed to it, the symptoms will go away. However, the company that manufactures Termidor says it can be dangerous if it stays in the body for a long time.

**Other Possible Effects of Termites**

So far, studies have not found any link between termites and human health. The Environmental Protection Agency says that termites are not a human carcinogen. Studies have shown that thyroid tumor rates are higher in areas with a high density of termites. In other studies, rats fed termites suffered from thyroid tumors.

Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Termidor insecticide

Unsealed attic top plate



# Indoor Air Quality

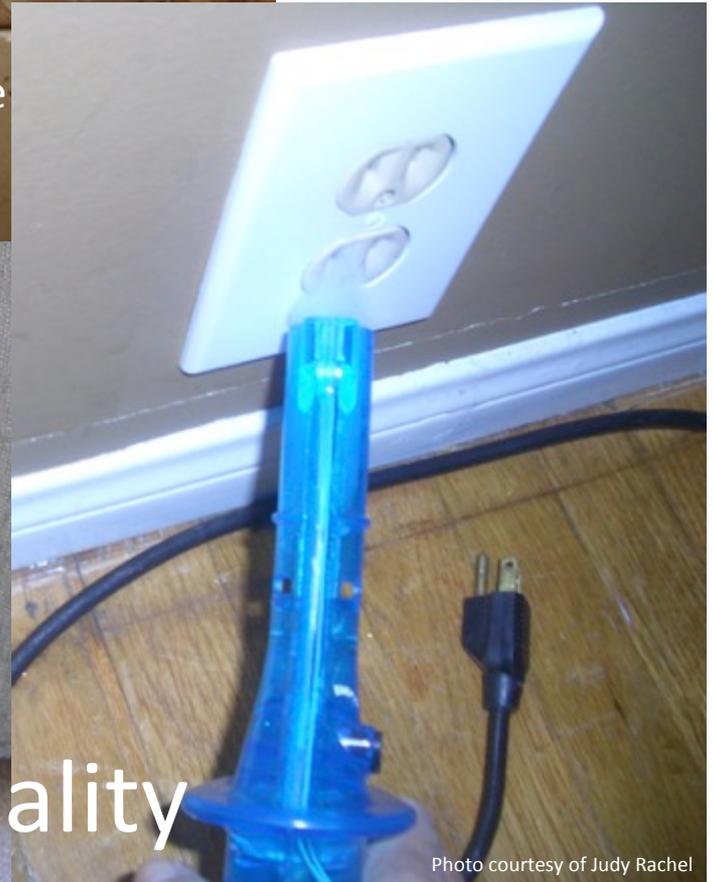


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



# Indoor Air Quality

Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

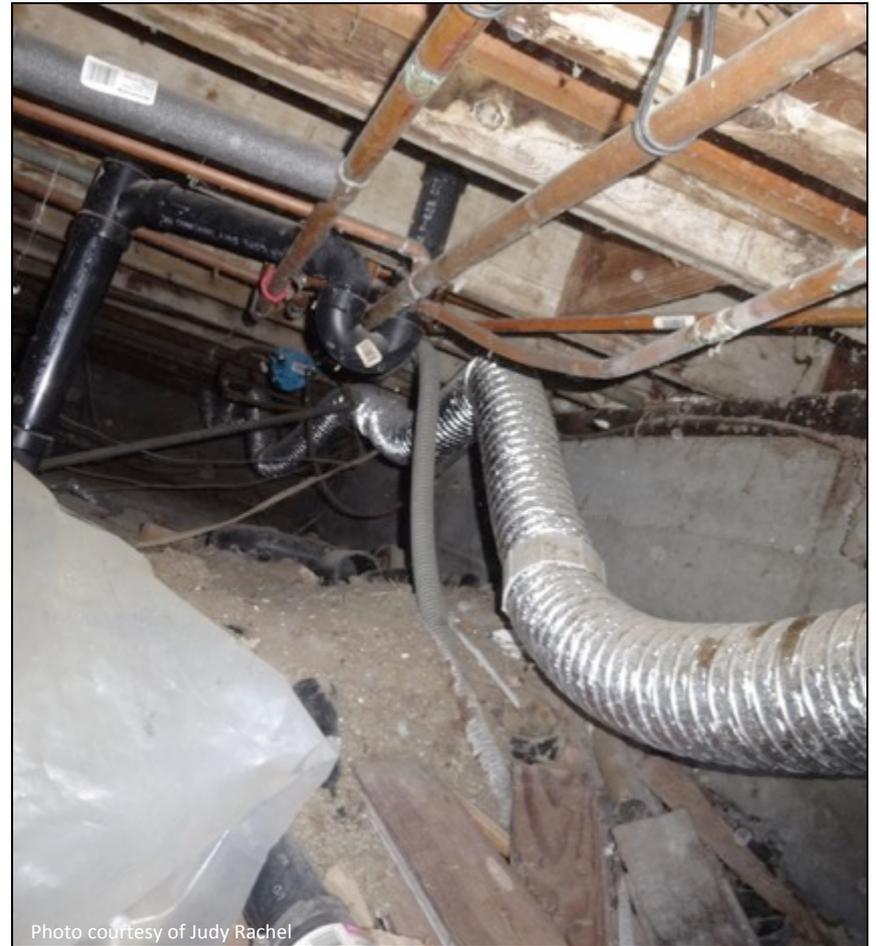


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Clues to Pressure Imbalances

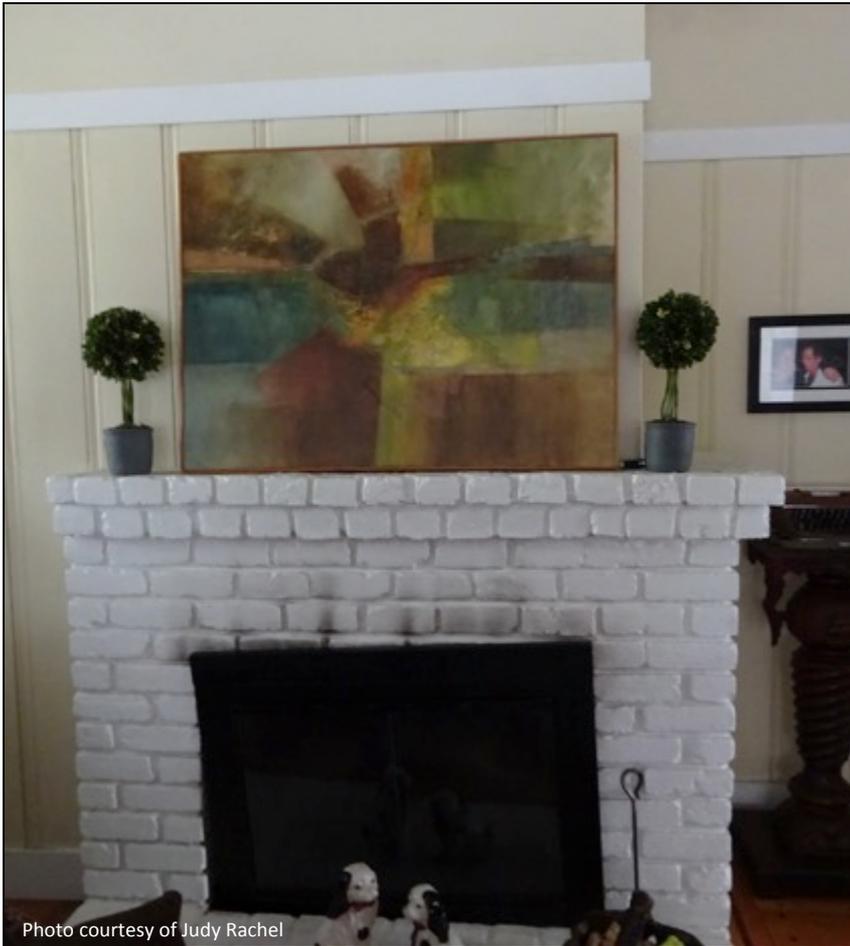


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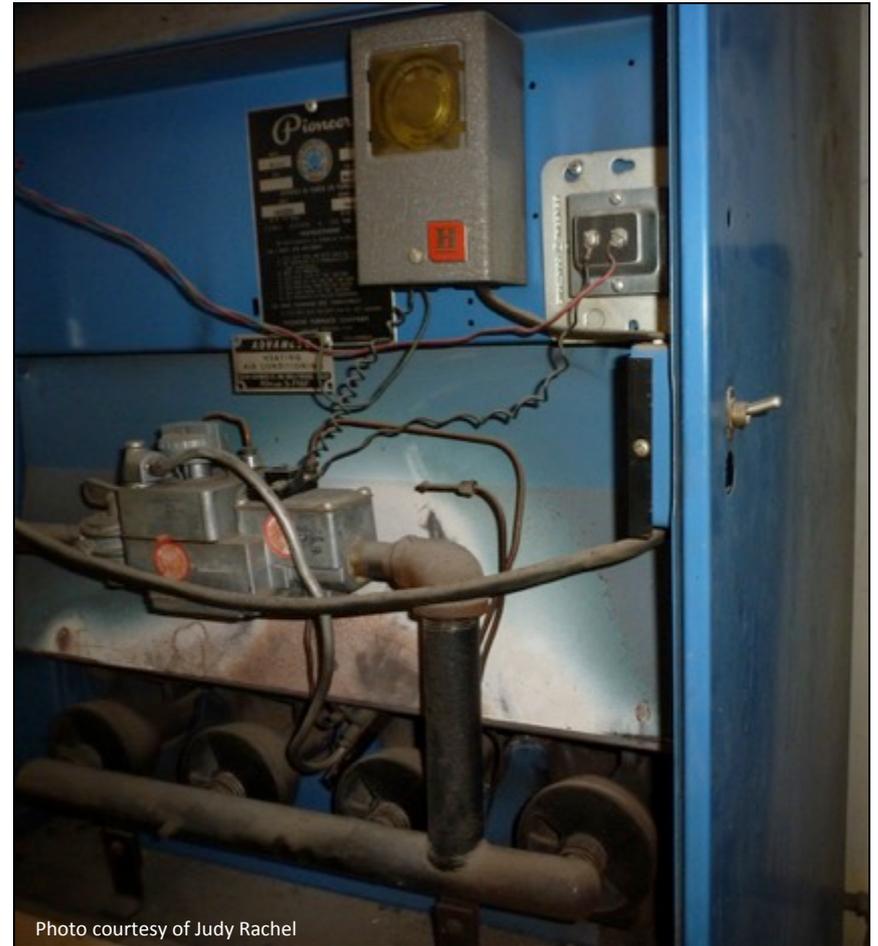


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Pressure Imbalances

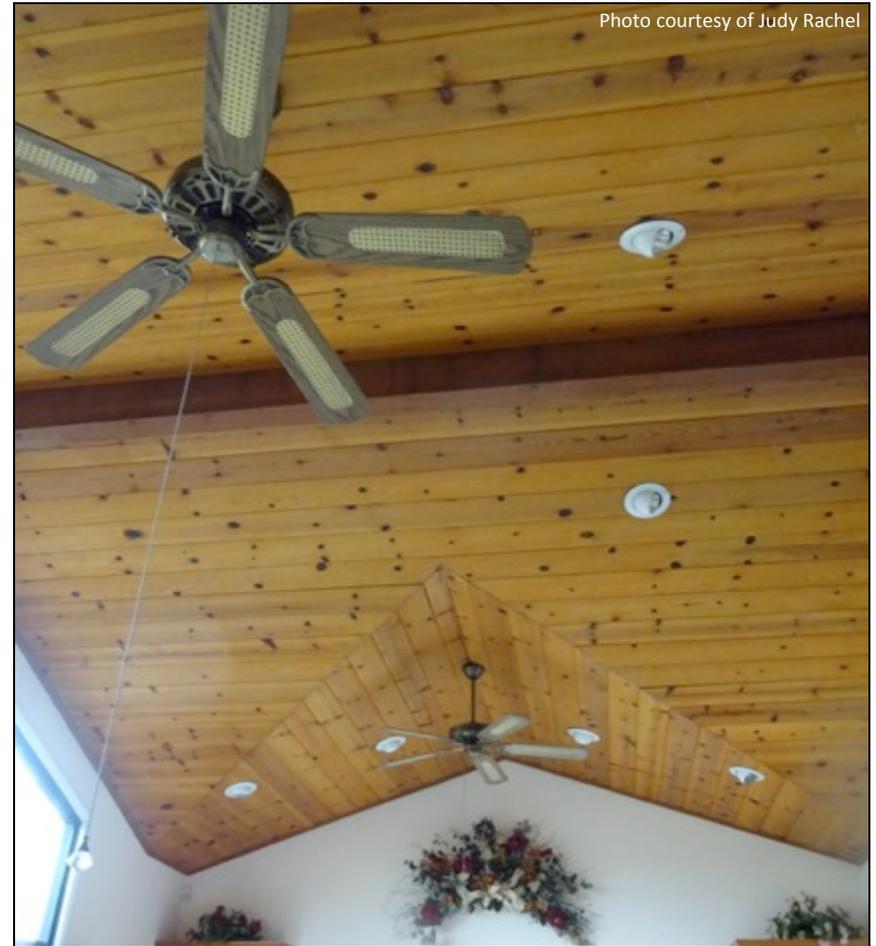


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Air Leakage Path



# Air Leakage Paths

## Interior stairs on exterior wall



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

## Behind baseboards



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Ventilation

**Passive Kitchen Ventilation blocked off but replaced with nothing**



**Passive closet ventilation into attic**



# Insulation Contact Air Tight Recessed Can Lights

Are these or aren't these?



Remove the trim ring & look for  
the orange label.



# Safety



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel





Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Crawl Space/Attic Inspection

Moisture  
Insulation  
Air Leakage Paths  
Ducts  
Health & Safety  
Deferred Maintenance  
Building Durability  
Ventilation

# A Crawl Space is Not a Dry Space





Roofing nail shows signs of moisture



# Water Vapor

**Powder dry soil still evaporates moisture**



**Ground Source Vapor Barrier**



# Air Sealing Opportunities Crawl Space



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# The Underside of Bathtubs

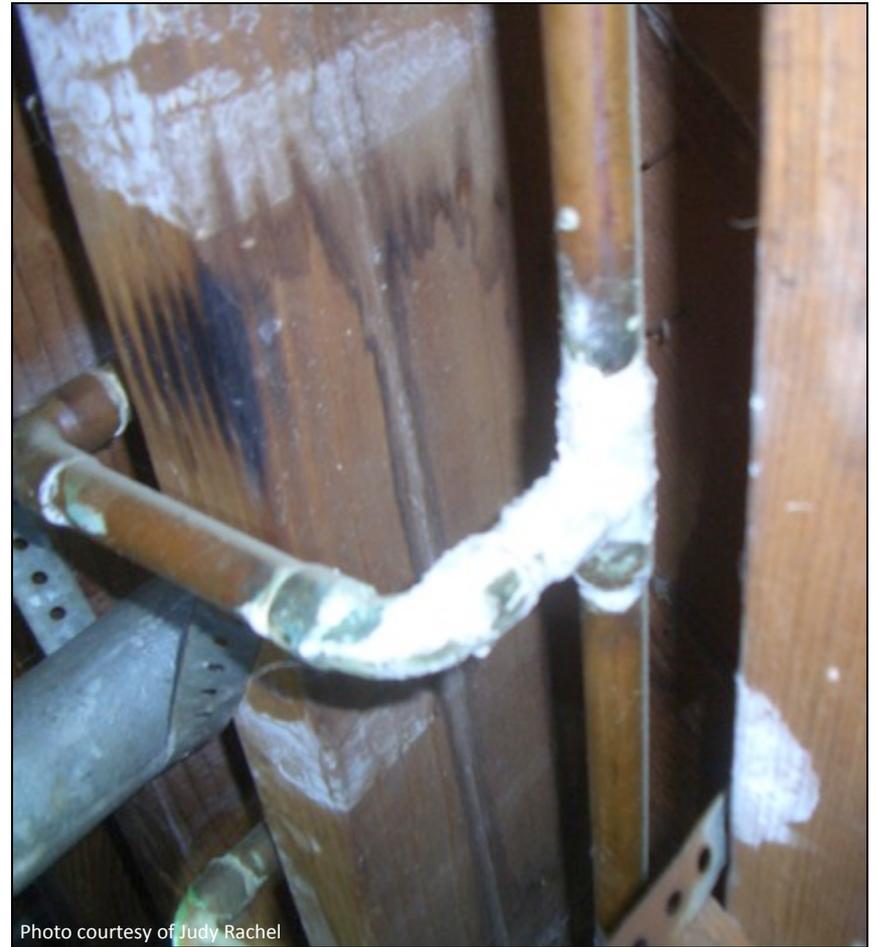


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Deferred Maintenance





# Indoor Air Quality



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Indoor Air Quality



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Quantity / Quality of Insulation

- Attic?
- Walls?
- Floors?

Visual inspection, infrared aided with blower door, probing past switch plates in walls, asking occupants questions



# Lack of Insulation

## Interstitial cavity



Uninsulated water lines run mid attic. In the summer homeowners are afraid toddler will get scalded if he turns on the cold water



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Under-insulated/Poorly Run Ducts

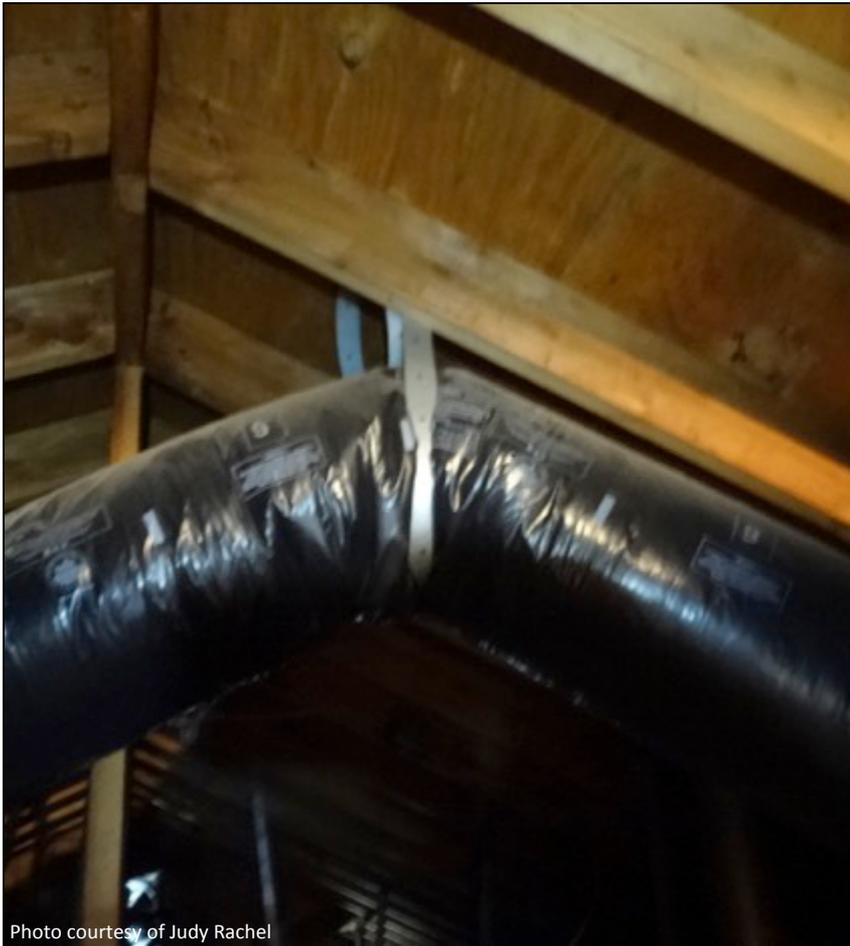


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Wind washing

## Vented Bay



## Unintentionally Vented Bay



# Same Attic. Which Can Light Can be In Contact with the Insulation?



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

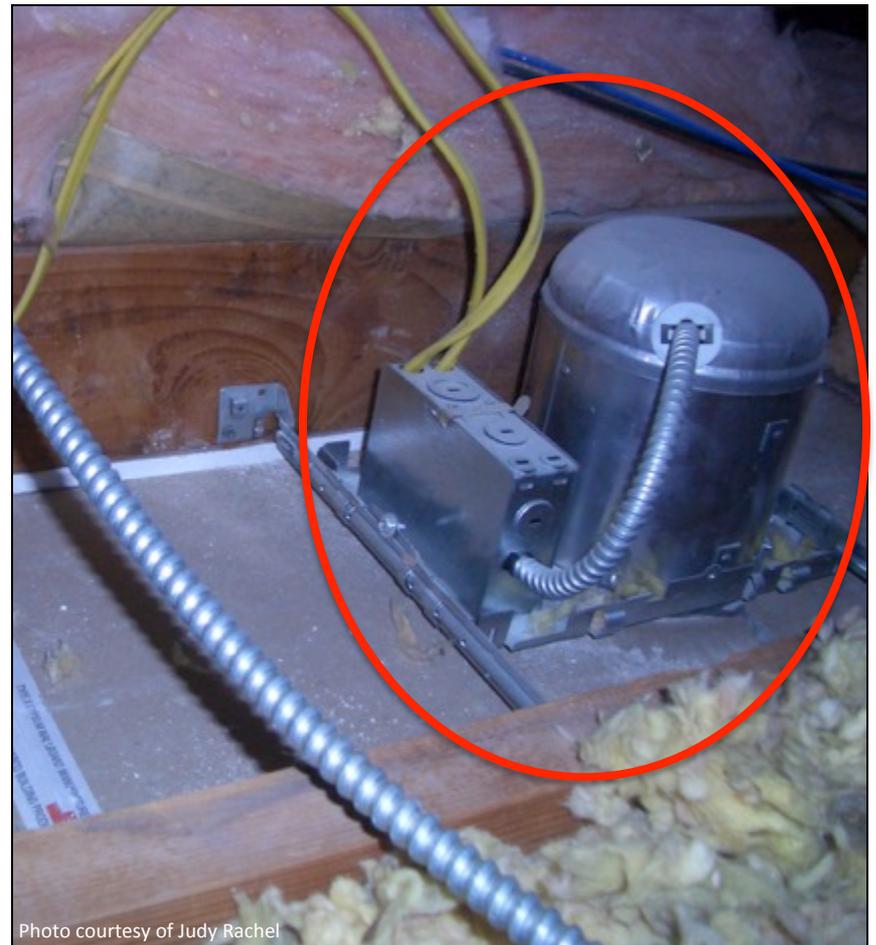


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Evaluate Ventilation



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



# Junction Boxes Need Covers



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

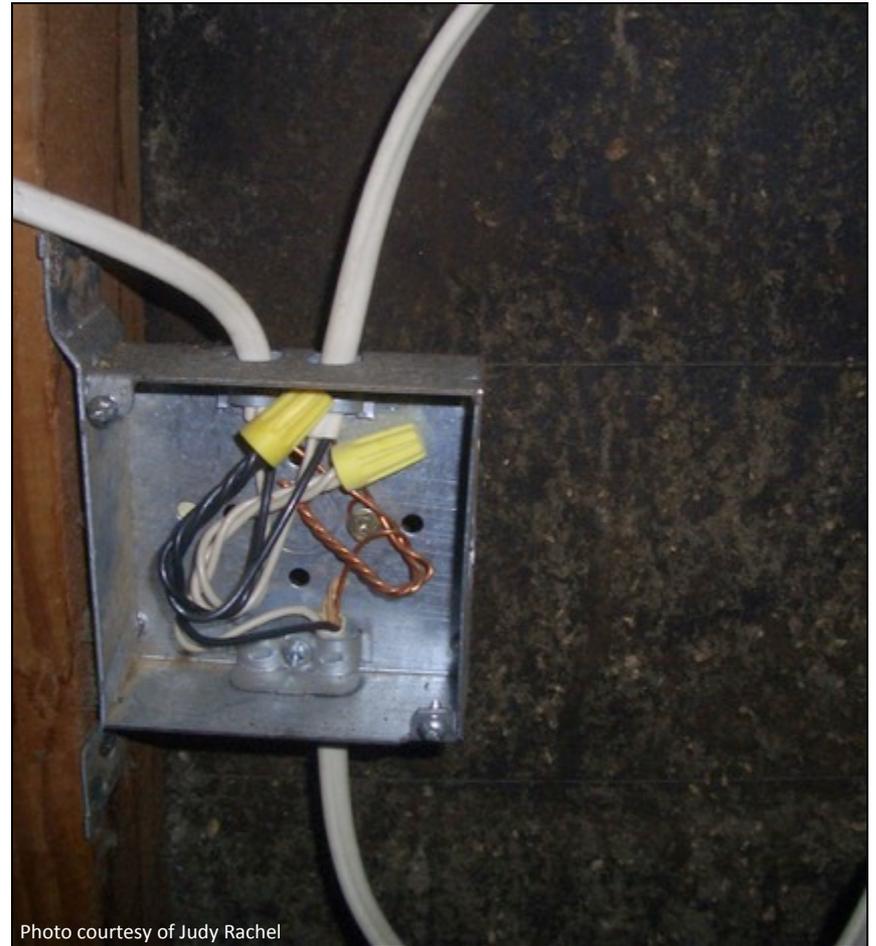


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Safety Issues



# Fire Hazards

**Chimney has no clearance to wood**



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

**Paper facing left exposed in attic**



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Health & Safety



# Asbestos Containing Material



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Mechanical Systems/ Diagnostic Performance Tests



Energy Conservatory Duct Blaster

Heating System  
Cooling System  
Ventilation  
Ducts  
Water Heating

# Performance Testing

- Blower Door
  - Quantify total leakage
  - Search for leakage paths
  - Assist with IR inspection
- Infrared Inspection
- Duct Leakage
  - Total duct leakage
  - Half Nelson
  - Leakage to outside
- Measure Airflow of HVAC Systems
- Heating Stratification Test
- Delivered Capacity
- Static Pressure
- Various Pressure Tests
- System Watt Draw
- Pool Pump Watt Draw



Retrotec Blower Door

## Blower Door

Manufactured by 2 companies  
The Energy Conservatory  
Retrotec

- Quantifies air leakage
- Helps locate air leaks
- Measures the effectiveness of air sealing efforts
- Enhances infrared camera diagnostics
- Necessary part of duct leakage to the outside test





Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Energy Conservatory Blower Door

Set-up for Depressurization

# Manometer

- A multi-functional differential pressure gauge
- Provides high resolution pressure measurements. These all have 2 independent measurement channels.
- Accurately calculates air flow



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

DG-700



DM-2



DM32



DG-1000

# Infrared Inspection



Provides the ability to locate:

- Air Leaks
- Thermal Bridging
- Missing or Poorly Performing Insulation
- Water Leaks



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Fluke



Flir

## Retrotec DucTester System



- ❑ Estimating HVAC system losses from duct leakage
- ❑ Diagnose duct leakage locations
- ❑ Measure the effectiveness of duct sealing efforts
- ❑ Documenting and certifying duct leakage compliance for building code

## Duct Testing Equipment

- A calibrated air flow measurement system designed to test and document the air tightness of forced air duct systems

# Duct Testing



**Total Duct Leakage**



**Duct Leakage to the Outside**



**Half Nelson**



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Energy Conservatory Duct Blaster

## Duct Blaster

TEC and Retrotec equipment can be used:

- ❑ As a powered flow hood to accurately measure total air flow through supply and return registers, exhaust fans and other air flow devices
- ❑ As a small Blower Door to test the airtightness of small or tightly built houses
- ❑ To accurately measure total air flow through the air handler using the plenum pressure matching procedure

# Air Flow Measuring Devices

Delivered system air flow: the sum of the supplies  
Ventilation systems  
Exhaust Fans

Powered flow device compensates for pressure losses created by funneling air flow through a device.



Flow Finder®

Passive flow device where air is directed over a manifold which averages the velocity pressure. Less accurate than powered devices.



LoFlo Balometer

# Heating Stratification Test



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

## Home Temperature Stratification Test

Test Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Conducted By: \_\_\_\_\_

Owners: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of house and test conditions: \_\_\_\_\_

CBPCA-Strat Test Measurements:	Start	Finish	Temperature Increase
Test start and finish times	_____	_____	Test Duration: _____
1. Floor level (6" above floor)	_____ °F	_____ °F	_____ °F
2. 1 <sup>st</sup> floor thermostat	_____ °F	_____ °F	_____ °F
3. 2 <sup>nd</sup> floor thermostat (2 story homes)	_____ °F	_____ °F	_____ °F
4. Ceiling level (6" below ceiling)	_____ °F	_____ °F	_____ °F

**House Temperature Stratification Grade:** \_\_\_\_\_ °F (line 4 minus line 1)

- Excellent Comfort** (floor to ceiling variations less than 3°F)
- Good Comfort** (floor to ceiling variations between 3°F and 6°F)
- Unacceptable Comfort Levels** (floor to ceiling variations greater than 6°F)

**Heating System Sizing:** \_\_\_\_\_ °F (average temperature increase)

- Undersized Heating System** (average temperature increase less than 2°F/hour)
- Properly Sized System** (average temperature increase between 2°F/hour and 5°F/hour)
- Oversized Heating System** (average temperature increase greater than 5°F/hour)

**Ceiling Heat Loss Increase due to Stratification:** \_\_\_\_\_ °F (line 4 minus line 2)

- Low Ceiling Heat Loss** (ceiling temperature less than 2°F above thermostat temperature)
- Slightly Elevated Ceiling Loss** (ceiling temperature 2°F to 6°F above thermostat temperature)
- Unacceptably High Ceiling Heat Loss** (ceiling temperature 6°F above thermostat temp.)



# Delivered System Capacity

**Need measured air flows**



**Temperature of air at grilles**



# Total External Static Pressure

- Similar to taking a person's blood pressure to measure the "health" of the HVAC system
- Manufacturer's maximum acceptable TESP is on the equipment's label



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Air Handler & Condenser Watt Draw



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Pressure Across Doors With HVAC System On Should Never Exceed 5 Pa

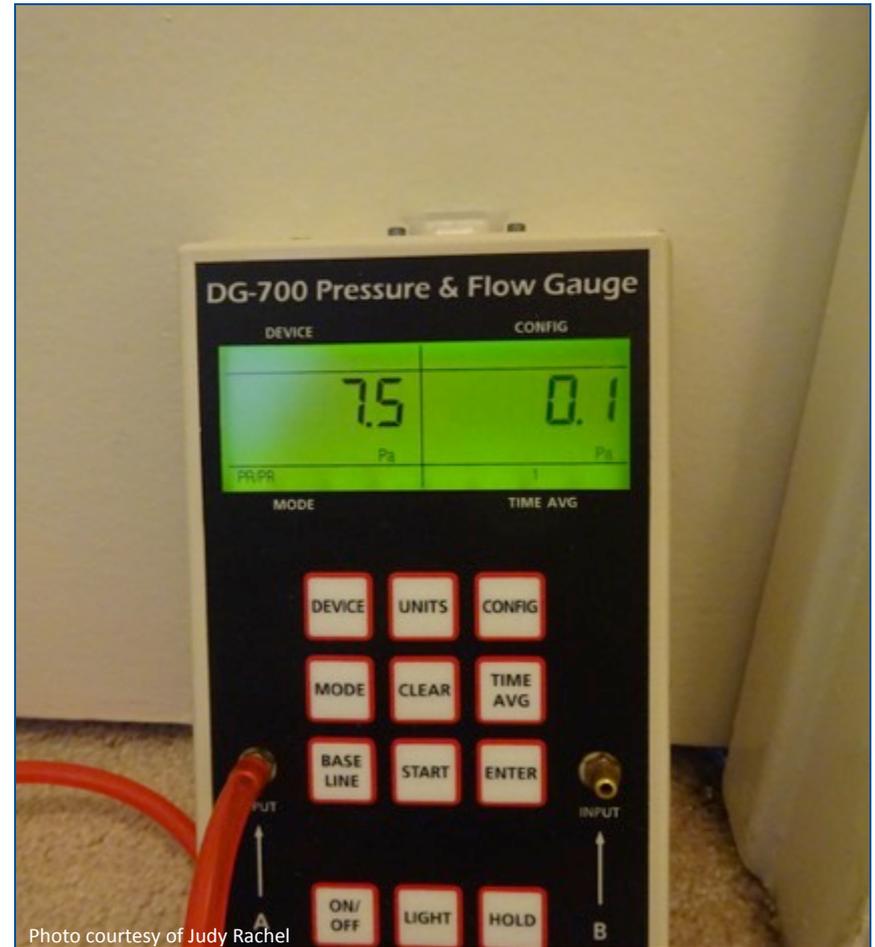
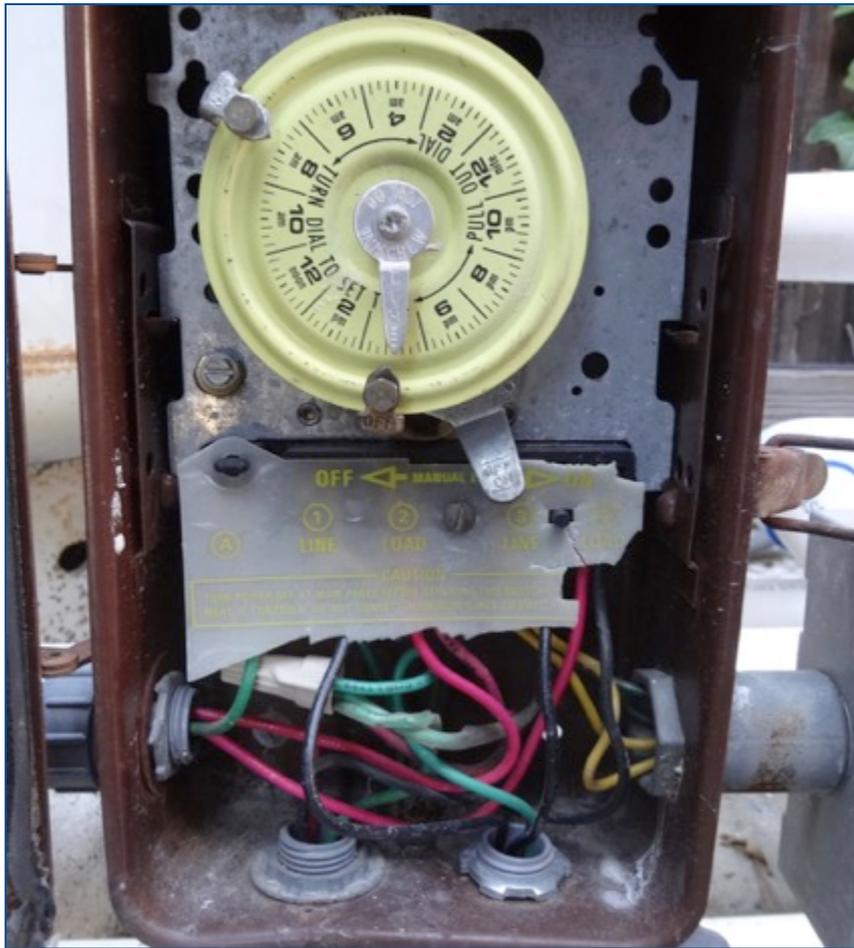


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Pool Pump Watt Draw



- Watt Draw of the pool pump multiplied by the number of hours the pump runs per day gives you total energy use of the pool pump.
- Extrapolate out for annual energy use and cost.

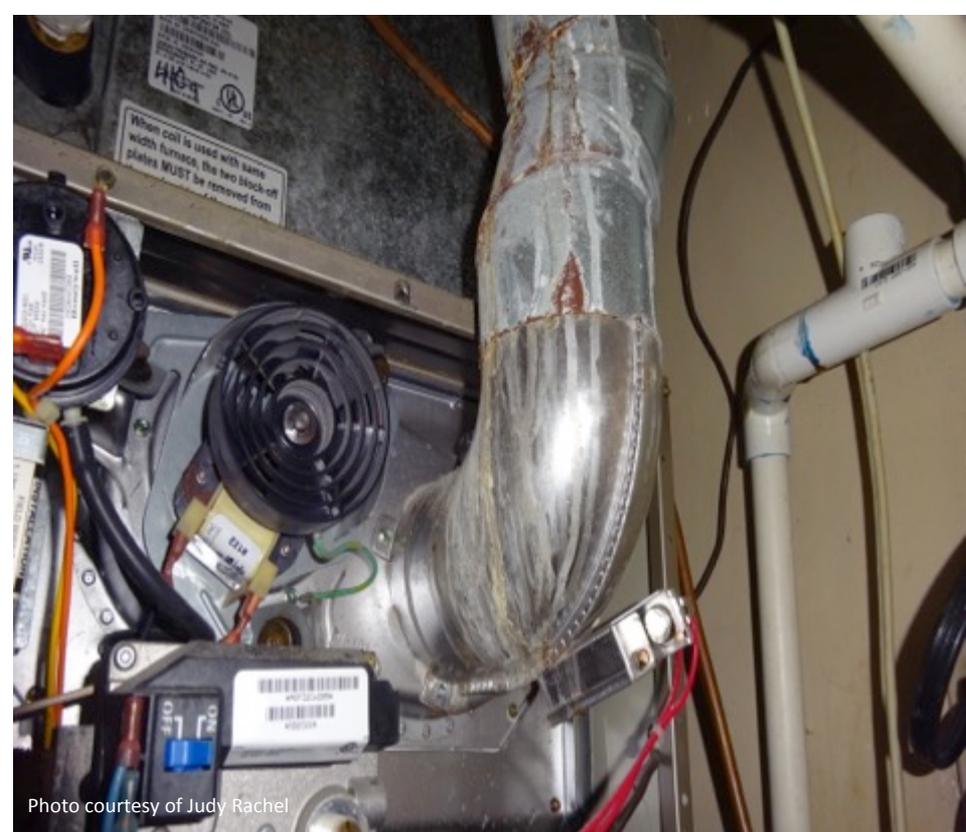


Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel

# Combustion Appliances & Safety

Visual evidence of spillage on an induced draft furnace

Most homes still have combustion appliances typically for heating, water heating, cooking or drying clothes.

The by-products of combustion can cause serious health problems and even death

- Appliances that rely upon combustion must be vented properly to the outside
- Adequate air must be provided for the combustion process and for draft to be sustained
- Competition for air can cause combustion appliances to spill their vent gasses back into the home, cause flame roll-out or extinguish pilot lights, causing natural gas to build up in the area around the appliance.
- Tighter houses mean even greater vigilance is necessary to ensure proper venting

# Combustion Safety Tests

- Visual Inspection
- Combustible Gas Leaks
- Worst Case Depressurization
- Spillage
- Draft
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Oven and Stovetop CO

# Hazardous Condition



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



Photo courtesy of Judy Rachel



# The Home Energy Audit

- Provides the vehicle for gathering information about a house from the occupant, through visual inspection and diagnostic testing.
- There are many factors that affect home energy performance. The auditor must be an expert in building science and the climates they work in.
- Figuring out moisture, air and heat movement in our homes is critical for durability, energy efficiency, comfort, safety and IAQ.



**Report**

Compiling and reporting the results of the Energy Audit

# **PROPOSAL WRITING**

# Site Visit Findings Report

- Provide a written report containing the findings from the site visit.
- Provide a preliminary work scope
  - Use test-in data to guide post-retrofit test-out goals
- Prioritize recommended measures
  - Recommendations should reflect the needs of the home and its occupants
  - Present options for comprehensive solutions that are consistent with building science principles

## HOME ENERGY FITNESS EVALUATION



Test Date: August 26, 2021  
Prepared For: Jane & Joe Bioneer  
Property Located at: 1234 Energy Hog Road  
Clean Coal, Ca 987065  
Evaluation by: Judy Rachel

Judy Rachel (818) 980-5985 ⚡ Offering Sustainable Solutions

# Site Visit Report

- Re-state Homeowner's concerns in their words
- Describe existing conditions & results of tests
- Make recommendations describing benefits
- Provide test data and pictures

## Report Goals

1. Describe existing conditions in your home which are compromising your comfort, your health, the durability of the house and your pocketbook.
2. Describe options to obtain a healthy, evenly distributed comfort level throughout your home while lowering your utility bills.

## SUMMARY

### EXISTING CONDITION

#### ✓ Safety Concerns

- ▶ Venting of Water Heater
- ▶ Water heater proximity to a sleeping area.
- ▶ Venting of Stove / Oven

#### ✓ Building Durability

- ▶ Bathrooms Are Under-Ventilated
- ▶ Evidence of Moisture in the Crawlspace
- ▶ Evidence of Moisture draining and pooling in contact with the house's foundation

#### ✓ Comfort / Energy Efficiency

- ▶ High Air Leakage Throughout House
- ▶ Roof Space Un-Insulated
- ▶ Poorly Performing Heating/Cooling Equipment.

### RECOMMENDATIONS

- ✓ Install a Sealed Combustion water heater
- ✓ Install an Exhaust Fan over the stove
- ✓ Install a low-level Carbon Monoxide Monitor in the kitchen
- ✓ Install Exhaust Fans in the hall bathroom and guest suite bathroom
- ✓ Install Plastic on top of the crawlspace soil.
- ✓ Monitor Relative Humidity Levels to determine if the RH is ever exceeding 65% for any prolonged period of time.
- ✓ Re-direct Rain Gutter Downspouts away from the foundation
- ✓ Re-direct Condensate Line to drain without pooling water at the foundation.
- ✓ Evaluate landscape watering system and strategies in proximity to the foundation to minimize watering the house.
- ✓ Create a barrier to air movement at the roof to the conditioned living space.
- ✓ Seal all passive ventilation through the wall system.
- ✓ Stop air leakage through the Floors of the Living Room, Office, Hall, Bathroom and Bedroom.
- ✓ Insulate on top of the Roof deck
- ✓ Replace HVAC System with a well-installed, better heating / cooling strategy appropriate for the challenges of the house's architecture.

Judy Rachel (818) 980-5985 , Offering Sustainable Solutions

# The Structure of Effective Proposals



## Cover Sheet

Be as creative as you want (or not)



## Part I

List of client concerns, needs and wants  
What the client knows



## Part II

Measurements and observations  
What you know now, and why it matters



## Part III

Recommendations, costs and benefits  
Everything else

# Work Scope

HOME PERFORMANCE  
PROFESSIONALS

310-123-4567  
CA Lic# 901234

## Work Scope

### 1. ATTIC RETROFIT

Air seal and insulate the ceiling assembly as accessible. Benefits to the homeowner include reduced operating cost, lower energy consumption, and improved energy efficiency.

- Remove old fiberglass insulation
- Install attic cat walks
- Install eave vent baffles as needed.
- Install foam baffles in vaulted roof sections around perimeter (Approximately 30 2'x 4' baffles)
- Air seal attic penetrations, and wall top plates
- Seal interstitial cavity
- Air seal and insulate knee walls
- Insulate attic hatches
- Install attic rulers.
- Re-duct bath fan
- Insulate plumbing in attic
- Blow in Cellulose insulation to R38, and bury ducts in insulation.
- Verify insulation install with bag count and inspection.
- Inspect insulation with infrared camera
- Run blower door to verify air infiltration
- Report test out data to customer

\$7498.00 (Materials 2578.12, Labor 4919.88, estimated time 4 to 5 days)

### 2. INSULATE WALLS

Insulate exterior walls where accessible. Benefits to the homeowner include reduced operating cost, lower energy consumption, and improved energy efficiency. Inaccessible walls will include part of the kitchen, living room and master bath behind the shower.

- a. Cut a one foot belly band in building drywall.
- b. Remove existing fiberglass insulation.
- c. Dense pack walls with Cellulose insulation.
- d. Install new drywall in belly band.
- e. Tape texture and paint not included.

- Development of a scope of work is one of the main goals of the home energy audit
- A description of the work to be performed with the goal of providing solutions based on your test-in findings and occupant complaints.
- Defines and identifies project expectations in writing including goals, targets and costs

# Typical Work Scope

Home Performance work scopes typically include:

- Removal of equipment which will be replaced
- Fixing any deferred maintenance / moisture problems
  - Correct wiring hazards
- Removal of dirty, poorly installed insulation
- Air seal crawlspace (if present)
  - Install ground source vapor barrier (GSVB)
- Air seal attic
  - Replace non-air tight can lights
- Install right-sized HVAC equipment including new ductwork
- Install new insulation

# Summary

- Your opportunity to fully inspect the home
- Use all your observation skills, building science and construction knowledge
- Use diagnostic testing to further inform your observations
- Create a work scope that provides value to the homeowner
- Include a full test-out of all your work
- Take pride in the measured improvements you have provided



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